

SEMINOMA

Commonest malignant testicular tumour is seminoma,
Corresponds, in females, it does to Dysgerminoma.

Rarely prepubertal patients, it does seek,
4th decade of life, represents its peak.

Upto 10 times, testis does grow and enlarge,
Shape is same, into tunica does not barge.

Lobulated, grey white, homogeneous is the section,
Necrosis and haemorrhage do not come into action.

In cords, sheets or columns, lie the cells,
Lobule formation, rest of the story tells.

Fairly uniform seminoma cells you find,
With clear cytoplasm and borders well defined.

Mitosis is less, but glycogen is more,
For a positive PAS reaction opens the door.

Of delicate fibrous tissue is the stroma,
Cause of lobule formation in seminoma.

With lymphocytes, the stroma does abound,
In 20%, reaction granulomatous is found.

Dr. Sanjeev Narang, MD (Path)
Prof. Index Medical College
Indore (MP)
